

Medical Terms Cheat Sheet

The clue to medical terms is in their suffix which follows the end of a word and creates a new one. For example, the suffix, "pathy," means disease. So, when you see a word ending in "pathy," it's referring to a disease, as in *nephropathy* which means disease of the kidney (nephro).

Suffix for Conditions	What it means
-algia	Pain
-itis	Inflammation
-oid	Resemble e.g. fibroid
-oma	Tumor
-phasia	Speech e.g. <i>aphasia</i> (without speech usually following a stroke)
-plegia	Paralysis e.g. hemiplegia (half paralyzed)
-rrhage	Burst forth e.g. hemorrhage
-sclerosis	Hardening
-lith	Stones or calcifications

Root Word for Body Parts	What it means
hemo/a	Blood
nephro	Kidney
pneumo	Lung
cardi	Heart
gastro	Stomach
duodeno	Small intestine
coli	Large intestine or colon
opthal or ocul	Eye
derm	Skin
neur	Nerves
oste	Bone
hepat	Liver
encephal	Brain
phleb	Vein
myel	Spinal cord or bone marrow

Suffix for surgery and procedures	What is means
-ectomy	Removal of
-otomy	Large surgical opening
-ostomy	Small surgical hole leading out of the body e.g.
	colostomy bag
-centesis	Tap or puncture to drain fluid
-tripsy	To crush e.g. lithotripsy to crush kidney stones
-oscopy	To examine with a scope exploring the body
	cavity e.g. colonoscopy

There are a number of endings to medical terms that simply mean "pertaining to" and they are: *ac, al, ary, ic, ical, ous, tic* and *ar*. For example, cardi*ac* means pertaining to the heart, venous means pertaining to the vein and pel*vic* means pertaining to the pelvis.