Regulations Included

Authorization ASC X12 version 5010 Auditing & Accountability Claims Attachments Rules Claims Management Eligibility EFT Operating Rules ERA Operating Rules Health Plan ID (HPID) ICD-10 Codes NCPDP Scripts 10.6 Operating Rules Privacy

HIPAA's Five Main Components

• HIPAA Title I makes it possible to maintain coverage when your employment changes and you're on a group plan. It makes it unlawful for group insurance plans to turn down people they don't want to cover or to build lifetime maximums into contracts.

• HIPAA Title II directs the U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services to establish national standards for processing electronic healthcare transactions. Healthcare organizations are required to implement secure electronic access to health data and to remain in compliance with HHS privacy regulations

• HIPAA Title III introduces new tax rules for healthcare treatments.

• HIPAA Title IV additional reforms of insurance law, with protections for those with pre-existing conditions and individuals who want to maintain their insurance.

• HIPAA Title V guidelines for business owned life insurance policies and how to handle income tax specifics when someone has their US citizenship revoked.

References:

A HIPAA Omnibus Rule Reference Chart

Covered Entity Charts: Guidance on how to determine whether an organization or individual is a covered

HIPAA Security Compliance Workbook For Core Measure 15 of Meaningful Use Requirements - Annual Risk Analysis

<u>Brooklyn Community Services Policies and Compliance Guide relating</u> to the HIPAA Security Rule

HIPAA – Overview and updates since HITECH and PPACA



